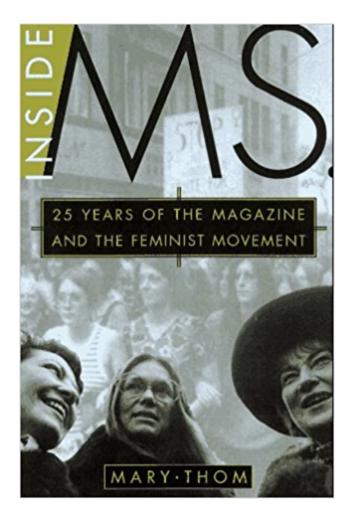


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Inside Ms.: 25 Years Of The Magazine And The Feminist Movement





Synopsis

Chronicles twenty-five years of Ms. magazine and its impact on women's publishing and the recent history of feminism in America and addresses such issues as battered women and the struggle for reproductive rights. 15,000 first printing."

Book Information

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Customer Reviews

Ms., the American magazine that has reflected and whipped up feminist sentiment for a quarter of a century, is the subject of this absorbing insider account by Mary Thom, who worked her way up from researcher to executive editor. Thom dips into the feminist movement, focusing on events or trends that overlapped with the politics and interests of Ms. staffers. The magazine illuminated domestic abuse, sexual harassment, and violence against women and sparked acrimonious debates on issues where feminists disagreed, such as pornography, child rearing, and making the mainstream movement more palatable by cutting out certain groups. An undeniable partisan, Thom glosses over many fights, mistakes, and thick-headed actions, but turns in an engaging portrait of the personalities and times that shaped the magazine.

July 1997 marks the 25th anniversary of Ms. magazine. Thom attended the planning meetings that launched the magazine and is still listed as a contributing editor. Her personal experiences, combined with interviews of colleagues, form the basis of this history, which recounts how against the backdrop of the feminist activities of the early 1970s, a group of editors and writers led by

founding editors Gloria Steinem and Patricia Carbine strategized to create a radically different kind of magazine for women. Thom offers detailed portraits of the women involved, from Steinem to many lesser-known editors and writers. She covers the magazine's financial struggles, its role in the women's movement, and its relationship with readers. Although she mentions negative issues, such as accusations of middle-class bias and racism, Thom fails to take a critical look at Ms.'s role in the women's movement or in publishing history. Despite this drawback, libraries with women's studies collections will want to purchase.-?Judy Solberg, George Washington Univ., Washington, D.C.Copyright 1997 Reed Business Information, Inc.

very dense, but lots of interesting information

At the time this book was published in 1997, Mary Thom was the executive editor of Ms., after starting out as a researcher and then writer, and then senior editor; she also edited Letters to Ms., 1972-1987. She wrote in the first chapter, â ÂœGloria Steinem was backing her way into Ms. The idea of starting something as viable and substantial as a magazine---with staff and readers, financial backers, and quite possibly a movement relying on it---was terrifying to a freelance writer who had never really held a regular job. But while she was reaching for an audience as a speaker, she did need a comfortable vehicle for her writing---one that simply did not exist. â Â• (Pg. 8-9) About the name of the magazine, she recounts, â ÂœThere had been a strong contingent that had favored â Â^Sisters.â Â™ but Gloria Steinem held out for the more symbolic â Â^Ms.â Â™ On that level, the name worked well. Ms. clearly broke with tradition, fairly screaming that this was more than just another womenâ Â[™]s magazine. The Ms. woman was independent. She would not be defined by her relationship, or lack of it, to a man, be it husband or father. She stood up for herselfâ Â| The statement was a bold one at a time when, for example, women routinely were denied credit in their own names. Merely explaining what the name meant became an opportunity to change minds. â Â• (Pg. 14) After the first issue was published, â ÂœThe elation of the staff could not be dimmed by the television news commentary that same evening by the late Harry Reasoner. â Â^ˆIâ Â[™]II give it six months,â Â[™] Reasoner said of the new Ms., before they run out of things to say.â Â• Years later, on the occasion of the magazineâ Â™s fifth anniversary, he was gracious enough to take it back. â Â• (Pg. 43) She points out, â Âœlts agenda did make Ms. seem more like a social movement than a national magazine, and both the staff and the watching world expected feminist principles to govern all levels of activity â Â|And because the pressure of monthly deadlines did nothing to diminish the urgency of feminist goals,

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